

Multi-period modeling in oemof.solph

An Overview

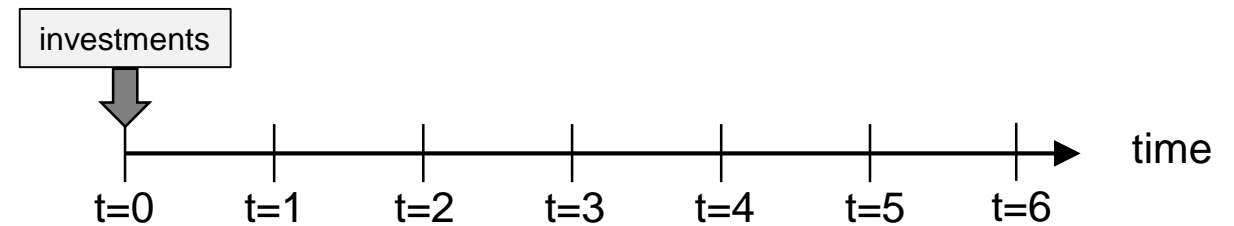
–

Motivation | Usage Example | Implementation

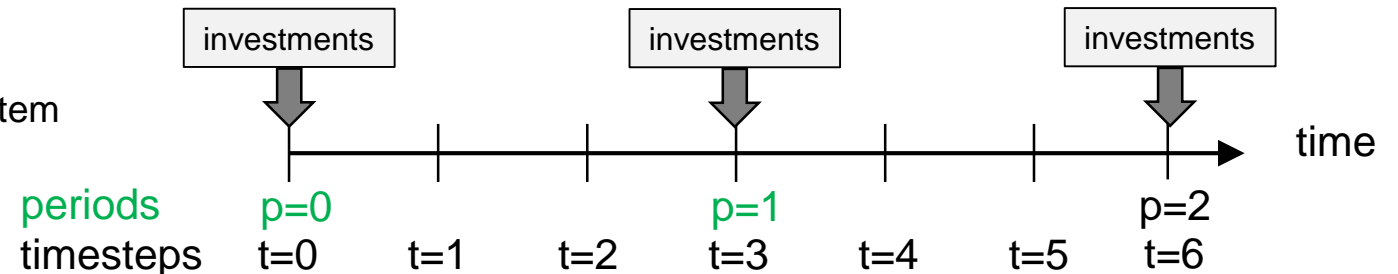
Motivation

Depict long-term developments taking into account unit lifetimes

- **Status quo** in oemof.solph
 - Only one timestep where investments may occur → $t=0$, i.e. the begin of the optimization
 - Investments are accounted for by their annuity
 - Timesteps are a one-dimensional set
 - Classical use case: Dimensioning of a system; short-term view (e.g. one typical year)



- Idea of a **multi-period optimization** model
 - Depict different periods in addition to different timesteps → there are two time-related indices
 - Investments may occur in every period
 - Lifetime tracking
 - Classical use case: long-term planning of a system



Example usage

Set multi_period attribute of EnergySystem to True

By default consider one year to be equal to one period;
Periods can also be defined explicitly.

```
import pandas as pd
import oemof.solph as solph

my_index = pd.date_range('1/1/2013', periods=17520, freq='H')
my_energysystem = solph.EnergySystem(timeindex=my_index, multi_period=True)
```

set multi_period attribute to True (default=False)

Example usage

No need for changes to your „dispatch-related“ system

```
hydrogen_bus = solph.buses.Bus(label="hydrogen")
coal_bus = solph.buses.Bus(label="coal")
electricity_bus = solph.buses.Bus(label="electricity")

hydrogen_source = solph.components.Source(
    label="green_hydrogen",
    outputs={
        hydrogen_bus: solph.flows.Flow(
            variable_costs=[25] * 8760 + [30] * 8760
        )
    },
)

coal_source = solph.components.Source(
    label="hardcoal",
    outputs={
        coal_bus: solph.flows.Flow(variable_costs=[20] * 8760 + [24] * 8760)
    },
)

electrical_sink = solph.components.Sink(
    label="electricity_demand",
    inputs={
        electricity_bus: solph.flows.Flow(
            nominal_value=1000, fix=[0.8] * len(my_index)
        )
    },
)
```

Variable costs defined in TIMESTEPS.

No changes to your system for units that is not invested into.

Example usage

Investments have new attributes

```
hydrogen_power_plant = solph.components.Transformer(  
    label="hydrogen_pp",  
    inputs={hydrogen_bus: solph.flows.Flow()},  
    outputs={  
        electricity_bus: solph.flows.Flow(  
            investment=solph.Investment(  
                maximum=1000,  
                ep_costs=1e6,  
                lifetime=30,  
                interest_rate=0.06,  
                fixed_costs=100,  
            ),  
            variable_costs=3,  
        ),  
    },  
    conversion_factors={electricity_bus: 0.6},  
)
```

ep_costs used as specific investment expenses;
nominal values on a period / annual basis

lifetime and age (optional; defaults to 0) for lifetime tracking
and decommissioning

Implementation – Main changes

Overview on the main changes

- Add `multi_period` attribute and `periods` attribute to `EnergySystem` class.
- Add `discount_rate` to `Model`.
- Create new timesets:
 - `PERIODS`: used for investment variables
 - `TIMEINDEX`: tuple of (period, timestep)
- Index `flow` variable in `TIMEINDEX`. Adjust every constraint that includes a flow; but do not change indexing of variables indexed in `TIMESTEPS`.
- Add additional attributes to `_options.Investment`, `GenericStorage` and `SinkDSM`: `lifetime`, `age`, `interest_rate`, `fixed_costs`.
- Add variables `old`, `old_end` and `old_exo` in investment blocks for lifetime tracking.
- Add adjusted objective value terms for multi-period model including discounting and annuities for investment.
- Adjust / restructure processing to properly retrieve results.

Implementation – oemof.solph._energy_system.py

constructor of EnergySystem – multi_period and periods attributes

```
if multi_period:
    msg = (
        "CAUTION! You specified 'multi_period=True' for your "
        "energy system.\n This will lead to creating "
        "a multi-period optimization modeling which can be "
        "used e.g. for long-term investment modeling.\n"
        "Please be aware that the feature is experimental as of "
        "now. If you find anything suspicious or any bugs, "
        "please report them."
    )
    warnings.warn(msg, debugging.SuspiciousUsageWarning)
self.multi_period = multi_period
self.periods = self._add_periods(periods)
self._extract_periods_years()
```

method EnergySystem._add_periods

```
if not self.multi_period:
    periods = {0: 0}
elif periods is None:
    years = sorted(list(set(getattr(self.timeindex, "year"))))

    periods = {}
    filter_series = self.timeindex.to_series()
    for number, year in enumerate(years):
        start = filter_series.loc[
            filter_series.index.year == year
        ].min()
        end = filter_series.loc[filter_series.index.year == year].max()
        periods[number] = pd.date_range(start, end, freq="H")
```

Implementation – oemof.solph._models.py

constructor of Model – discount_rate attribute

```
def __init__(self, energysystem, discount_rate=None, **kwargs):
    if discount_rate is not None:
        self.discount_rate = discount_rate
    elif energysystem.multi_period:
        self.discount_rate = 0.02
    msg = (
        f"By default, a discount_rate of {self.discount_rate} "
        f"is used for a multi-period model. "
        f"If you want to use another value, "
        f"you have to specify the `discount_rate` attribute."
    )
    warnings.warn(msg, debugging.SuspiciousUsageWarning)
```


Implementation – oemof.solph._models.py

method Model._add_parent_block_sets

```
if not self.es.multi_period:
    self.TIMEINDEX = po.Set(
        initialize=list(
            zip(
                [0] * len(self.es.timeindex),
                range(len(self.es.timeindex)),
            )
        ),
        ordered=True,
    )
else:
    nested_list = [
        [k] * len(self.es.periods[k]) for k in self.es.periods.keys()
    ]
    flattened_list = [
        item for sublist in nested_list for item in sublist
    ]
    self.TIMEINDEX = po.Set(
        initialize=list(
            zip(flattened_list, range(len(self.es.timeindex)))
        ),
        ordered=True,
    )

self.PERIODS = po.Set(
    initialize=sorted(list(set(self.es.periods.keys())))
)

# (Re-)Map timesteps to periods
timesteps_in_period = {p: [] for p in self.PERIODS}
for p, t in self.TIMEINDEX:
    timesteps_in_period[p].append(t)
self.TIMESTEPS_IN_PERIOD = timesteps_in_period
```

Implementation – oemof.solph._models.py

method Model._add_parent_block_variables

```
self.flow = po.Var(self.FLOWS, self.TIMEINDEX, within=po.Reals)
```

```
for (o, i) in self.FLOWS:
    if self.flows[o, i].nominal_value is not None:
        if self.flows[o, i].fix[self.TIMESTEPS[1]] is not None:
            for p, t in self.TIMEINDEX:
                self.flow[o, i, p, t].value = (
                    self.flows[o, i].fix[t]
                    * self.flows[o, i].nominal_value
                )
                self.flow[o, i, p, t].fix()
```

Implementation – oemof.solph._options.Investment

- **overall_maximum** (float, $P_{overall,max}$ or $E_{overall,max}$) – Overall maximum capacity investment, i.e. the amount of capacity that can be totally installed at maximum in any period (taking into account decommissionings); only applicable for multi-period models
- **overall_minimum** (float $P_{overall,min}$ or $E_{overall,min}$) – Overall minimum capacity investment that needs to be installed in the last period of the optimization (taking into account decommissionings); only applicable for multi-period models
- **lifetime** (int, l) – Units lifetime, given in years; only applicable for multi-period models
- **age** (int, a) – Units start age, given in years at the beginning of the simulation; only applicable for multi-period models
- **interest_rate** (float, ir) – Interest rate for calculating annuities when investing in a particular unit; only applicable for multi-period models. If nothing else is specified, the interest rate is the same as the model discount rate of the multi-period model.
- **fixed_costs** (float or list of float, $c_{fixed}(p)$) – Fixed costs in each period (given in nominal terms); only applicable for multi-period models

Implementation – oemof.solph.flows._invest_flow

```
self.invest = Var(  
    self.INVESTFLOWS,  
    m.PERIODS,  
    within=NonNegativeReals,  
    bounds=_investvar_bound_rule,  
)  
  
# Total capacity  
self.total = Var(self.INVESTFLOWS, m.PERIODS, within=NonNegativeReals)  
  
if m.es.multi_period:  
    self.old = Var(  
        self.INVESTFLOWS, m.PERIODS, within=NonNegativeReals  
    )  
  
    # Old endogenous capacity to be decommissioned (due to lifetime)  
    self.old_end = Var(  
        self.INVESTFLOWS, m.PERIODS, within=NonNegativeReals  
    )  
  
    # Old exogenous capacity to be decommissioned (due to lifetime)  
    self.old_exo = Var(  
        self.INVESTFLOWS, m.PERIODS, within=NonNegativeReals  
    )
```

Implementation – oemof.solph.flows._invest_flow

```
for i, o in self.CONVEX_INVESTFLOWS:
    lifetime = m.flows[i, o].investment.lifetime
    interest = m.flows[i, o].investment.interest_rate
    if interest == 0:
        warn(
            msg.format(m.discount_rate),
            debugging.SuspiciousUsageWarning,
        )
        interest = m.discount_rate
    for p in m.PERIODS:
        annuity = economics.annuity(
            capex=m.flows[i, o].investment.ep_costs[p],
            n=lifetime,
            wacc=interest,
        )
        investment_costs_increment = (
            self.invest[i, o, p]
            * annuity
            * lifetime
            * ((1 + m.discount_rate) ** (-m.es.periods_years[p]))
        )
        investment_costs += investment_costs_increment
        period_investment_costs[p] += investment_costs_increment
```

Lifetime logic

- P : installed capacity; p : period; n : lifetime

$$P_{total}(p) = P_{invest}(p) + P_{total}(p - 1) - P_{old}(p) \quad \forall p > 0$$

$$P_{total}(p) = P_{invest}(p) + P_{existing} \quad \forall p = 0$$

$$P_{old,end}(p) = P_{invest}(p - n) \quad \forall p \geq n$$

$$P_{old,end}(p) = 0 \quad \text{else}$$

$$P_{old,exo}(p) = P_{existing} \quad \forall p = n - \text{age}$$

$$P_{old,exo}(p) = 0 \quad \text{else}$$

$$P_{old}(p) = P_{old,end}(p) + P_{old,exo}(p)$$

total (installed) cap: previous cap + installations - decommissionings

Decommissionings

- endogeneous plants: installations that happened in the period the plants lifetime ago
- exogeneous plants: decommissioning of existing capacity in period lifetime – (initial) age
- Total decommissioning: sum of endogeneous and exogeneous decommissioning

Handling cost values (1/2)

- In general: all cost values may vary on a **periodical basis**, but shall be fixed within a period.
- Cost values have to be provided **in nominal terms**.
 - Calculating real values and annuities takes place under the hood.
- **Annuities and discounting**
 - A **discount_rate** is given on a **model-wide basis**. It reflects inflation.
 - An **interest rate may be given per component / flow** (asset) that can be invested in. It can deviate from the `discount_rate`, e.g. to take an investor's view and demand for higher interest rates.
If a social planner perspective is taken, the `interest_rate` should be equal to the model's `discount_rate`, which is the default.
 - Annuities are calculated under the hood (next slide).

Handling cost values (2/2)

- Cost terms for MultiPeriodInvestment objects (or other components that is invested in)

CAPEX: investment annuities

$$P_{invest}(p) \cdot annuity(c_{invest}(p), n, i) \cdot n \cdot DF(p) \quad \forall p \in PERIODS$$

$$annuity(c_{invest}(p), n, i) = \frac{(1+i)^n \cdot i}{(1+i)^n - 1} \cdot c_{invest}(p)$$

- P: installed capacity
- p: period
- n: lifetime
- i: interest rate
- DF: discount factor

Fixed costs

$$\sum_{pp=p}^{p+n} P_{invest}(p) \cdot c_{fixed}(pp) \cdot DF(pp) \cdot DF(p) \quad \forall p \in PERIODS$$

with discount factor

$$DF(p) = (1+d)^{-p}$$

Outlook

- Pending PR: <https://github.com/oemof/oemof-solph/pull/810>
 - Functional and complete
 - Usable via `pip install git+https://github.com/oemof/oemof-solph.git@features/multi-period`
 - Currently some merge conflicts due to works on v0.5.0
 - Can't / won't be resolved until / unless there is a clear timeline for integration

Contact

Johannes Kochems

research associate at DLR, Institute of Networked Energy Systems, Stuttgart |
PhD candidate at Technical University of Berlin

E-Mail:

johannes.kochems@dlr.de

kochems@campus.tu-berlin.de

GitHub: jokochems